# 100mA/200mA/300mA Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current 


#### Abstract

General Description The MAX4914B/MAX4915A/B/MAX4917A/B family of switches feature internal current limiting to prevent damage to host devices due to faulty load conditions. These analog switches have a low $0.2 \Omega$ on-resistance and operate from a 2.3 V to 5.5 V input voltage range. They are available with guaranteed 100 mA , 200mA, and 300mA current limits, making them ideal for SDIO and other load switching applications. When the switch is on and a load is connected to the port, a guaranteed blanking time of 14 ms ensures that the transient voltages settle down. If after this blanking time the load current is greater than the current limit, the MAX4914B/MAX4915B/MAX4917B latchoff versions enter a latchoff state where the switch is turned off and FLAG is issued to the microprocessor. The switch can be turned on again by cycling the power or the ON pin. The MAX4915A/MAX4917A have an autoretry feature where the switch turns off after the blanking time and then continuously checks to see if the overload condition is present. The switch turns on and remains on after the overload condition disappears and FLAG deasserts.

The MAX4914B is available in the tiny 6-pin $\mu$ DFN ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) package, while the MAX4915A/B and MAX4917A/B are available in both 6-pin $\mu$ DFN (2mm x 2mm) and space-saving 5-pin SOT23 packages. These devices operate over the $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ extended temperature range.


## Applications

| PDAs and Palmtop | Handheld Devices |
| :--- | :--- |
| Devices | SDIO |
| Cell Phones | USB Ports |
| GPS Systems | Notebook Computers |

PDAs and Palmtop
Devices

GPS Systems

Handheld Devices

USB Ports
Notebook Computers

- Guaranteed Current Limit: 100mA, 200mA, 300mA
- Thermal-Shutdown Protection
- Reverse Current Protection
- $0.2 \Omega$ On-Resistance
- 14ms Guaranteed Blanking Time
- FLAG Function
- 80нA Supply Current
- 8 A A Latchoff Current (MAX4914B/MAX4915B/MAX4917B)
- Autoretry (MAX4915A/MAX4917A)
- $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Shutdown Current
- 2.3V to 5.5V Supply Range
- Undervoltage Lockout
- Fast Current-Limit Response Time ( $5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ )
- Low ( $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ typ) Reverse Shutdown Current
- Tiny 6-Pin $\mu$ DFN (2mm x 2mm) and 5-Pin SOT23 Packages

Ordering Information/Selector Guide

| PART | PIN-PACKAGE | TOP MARK | CURRENT LIMIT (mA) | RETRY/LATCH-OFF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAX4914BELT+T | $6 \mu \mathrm{DFN}$ | ABF | 100 | Latchoff |
| MAX4915AELT+T | $6 \mu \mathrm{DFN}$ | ABL | 200 | Autoretry |
| MAX4915AEUK+T* | 5 SOT23 | AEYN | 200 | Autoretry |
| MAX4915BELT+T | $6 \mu \mathrm{DFN}$ | ABG | 200 | Latchoff |
| MAX4915BEUK+T* | 5 SOT23 | AEYK | 200 | Latchoff |
| MAX4917AELT+T | $6 \mu \mathrm{DFN}$ | ABN | 300 | Autoretry |
| MAX4917AEUK+T* | 5 SOT23 | AEYP | 300 | Autoretry |
| MAX4917BELT+T | $6 \mu \mathrm{DFN}$ | ABI | 300 | Latchoff |
| MAX4917BEUK+T* | 5 SOT23 | AEYM | 300 | Latchoff |

Note: All devices are specified over the $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operating temperature range.
*Future product-contact factory for availability.
+Denotes a lead-free/RoHS-compliant package.
T = Tape-and-reel package.

Pin Configurations and Typical Operating Circuit appear at end of data sheet.

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

## $100 \mathrm{~mA} / 200 \mathrm{~mA} / 300 \mathrm{~mA}$ Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| IN, ON, FLAG, OUT to GND .................................-0.3V to +6V |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| OUT Short Circuit to GND | ernally Limited |
| Continuous Power Dissipation ( $\left.\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |
| 5 -Pin SOT23 (derate $7.1 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ}$ | C).......... 571 mW |
| 6 -Pin $\mu$ DFN (derate $4.5 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | .............. 358 mW |

Operating Temperature Range $\qquad$ .$-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Junction Temperature .
..$+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage Temperature Range
$-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)
$+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


#### Abstract

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.


## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=+2.3 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $)($ Note 1$)$

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Voltage | VIN |  |  | 2.3 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Quiescent Current | IQ | $V_{O N}=V_{I N}, \text { IOUT }=0,$ <br> switch on | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=+2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to +5.0 V |  | 80 | 120 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to +5.5 V |  |  | 160 |  |
| Latchoff Current (Note 2) | ILATCH | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ON}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$, after an overcurrent fault MAX4914B/ MAX4915B/MAX4917B (latchoff versions) |  |  | 8 | 17 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Forward Shutdown Current | ISHDN | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON }}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 0.01 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Reverse Shutdown Current | ISHDN | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON }}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=+2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 0.01 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Forward Current Limit | IFWD | MAX4914B, Vout = GND |  | 100 |  | 150 | mA |
|  |  | MAX4915_, VOUT = GND |  | 200 |  | 300 |  |
|  |  | MAX4917_, VOUT = GND |  | 300 |  | 450 |  |
| Reverse Current Limit | IREV | MAX4914B, V ${ }_{\text {OUT }}$ - VIIN $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  | 150 | mA |
|  |  | MAX4915_, V ${ }_{\text {OUT }}-\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }} \geq 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  | 300 |  |
|  |  | MAX4917_, VOUT - VIN $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  | 450 |  |
| ON Input Leakage |  | VON = VIN or GND |  | -1 |  | +1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Undervoltage Lockout | UVLO | Rising edge |  | 1.75 |  | 2.25 | V |
| Undervoltage-Lockout Hysteresis |  |  |  |  | 100 |  | mV |
| On-Resistance | Ron | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, IOUT $=95 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  | 0.2 | 0.4 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, lout $=95 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |
| ON Input Logic-High Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | MAX4914B/MAX4915B/MAX4917B |  | 2.0 |  |  | V |
|  |  | MAX4915A/MAX4917A |  | 1.4 |  |  |  |
| ON Input Logic-Low Voltage | VIL | MAX4914B/MAX4915B/MAX4917B |  |  |  | 0.8 | V |
|  |  | MAX4915A/MAX4917A |  |  |  | 0.4 |  |
| FLAG Output Logic-Low Voltage |  | $\mathrm{ISINK}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  | 0.4 | V |
| FLAG Output-High Leakage Current |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ON}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\overline{\mathrm{FLAG}}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Thermal Shutdown |  |  |  | +150 |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis |  |  |  |  | 15 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-On Time |  | VON from low to high $C_{L}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ (Note 3) | $\text { OUT }=10 \mathrm{~mA},$ |  | 100 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |

## 100mA/200mA/300mA Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{N}}=+2.3 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $)($ Note 1$)$

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Turn-Off Time |  | VON from high to low; IOUT $=10 \mathrm{~mA}$, $C_{L}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ (Note 3) |  | 40 |  | ns |
| Blanking Time | tBLANK | Overcurrent fault (Figures 2, 3) | 14 |  | 60 | ms |
| Short-Circuit Current-Limit Response Time |  | $V_{O N}=V_{I N}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, short circuit applied to OUT |  | 5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Retry Time (Note 4) | tretry | MAX4915A/MAX4917A (autoretry versions) (Figure 2) (Note 4) | 210 |  | 900 | ms |

Note 1: All parts are $100 \%$ tested at $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Limits across the full temperature range are guaranteed by design and correlation.
Note 2: Latchoff current does not include the current flowing into FLAG.
Note 3: The on-time is defined as the time taken for the current through the switch to go from 0mA to 10 mA . The off-time is defined as the time taken for the current through the switch to go from 10 mA to 0 mA .
Note 4: Retry time is typically 15 times the blanking time.
Typical Operating Characteristics
$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted. $)$


## 100mA/200mA/300mA Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)


FLAG-BLANKING TIMEOUT
vs. TEMPERATURE



CURRENT-LIMIT RESPONSE (VON RIIING)



CURRENT-LIMIT RESPONSE (Vin AND Von RISING TOGETHER)


CURRENT-LIMIT RESPONSE (OUT SHORTED TO GND)

$40 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$

TURN-ON RESPONSE

$20 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$

# 100mA/200mA/300mA Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current 

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted. $)$


Pin Description

| PIN |  | NAME | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAX4915A/B/ MAX4917A/B (SOT23) | MAX4914A/B/ <br> MAX4915A/B/ <br> MAX4917A/B ( $\mu \mathrm{DFN}$ ) |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | IN | Input. Bypass with a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic capacitor to ground as close to the device as possible. |
| 2 | 5 | GND | Ground |
| 3 | 6 | ON | Active-High, Switch-On Input. A logic-high turns the switch on. |
| 4 | 4 | $\overline{\text { FLAG }}$ | Fault Output. This open-drain output goes low when the device stays in forward or reverse current limit for more than the blanking time period. $\overline{\text { FLAG }}$ is high impedance when a fault is not present or when ON is low. |
| 5 | 3 | OUT | Switch Output. Bypass with a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic capacitor to ground as close to the device as possible. |
| - | 1 | N.C. | No Connection. Not internally connected. |

## 100mA／200mA／300mA Current－Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current



Figure 1．Functional Diagram

## Detailed Description

The MAX4914B／MAX4915A／B／MAX4917A／B are for－ ward／reverse current－limited switches that operate from $\mathrm{a}+2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to +5.5 V input voltage range and guarantee a $100 \mathrm{~mA}, 200 \mathrm{~mA}$ ，and 300 mA minimum current－limit threshold for different options．The voltage drop across an internal sense resistor is compared to two reference voltages to indicate a forward or reverse current－limit fault．When the load current exceeds the preset current limit for greater than the fault－blanking time，the switch opens and FLAG asserts．
The MAX4915A／MAX4917A have an autoretry function that turns on the switch again after an internal retry time expires．If the faulty load condition is still present after the blanking time，the switch turns off again and the cycle is repeated．If the faulty load condition is not pre－ sent，the switch remains on．During this retry time， FLAG remains low until the fault is removed．
The MAX4914B／MAX4915B／MAX4917B do not have the autoretry option，and the switch remains in latchoff mode until the ON pin or the input power is cycled from high to low and then high again．
The undervoltage－lockout（UVLO）circuit prevents erro－ neous switch operation when the input voltage goes too low．

## Reverse Current Protection

All devices limit the reverse current（VOUT to VIN）from exceeding the maximum IREV value．The switch is shut off and FLAG is asserted if the reverse current－limit condition persists for more than the blanking time．This feature pre－ vents excessive reverse currents from flowing through the device to the source．When the device is in shutdown （VON＜VIL），the current from OUT to IN does not exceed $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$（max）．

## Switch－On／Off Control

Toggle ON high to enable the current－limited switches． The switches are continuously on only if VIN exceeds the UVLO threshold（typically 2 V ）and there is no fault．When a forward／reverse current fault is present or the die exceeds the thermal－shutdown temperature of $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ， OUT is internally disconnected from $\mathbb{N}$ and the supply current decreases to $8 \mu \mathrm{~A}$（latchoff）．The switch is now operating in one of its off states．The switch－off state also occurs when driving ON low，thus reducing the supply current（shutdown）to 0.01 HA （typ）．Table 1 illustrates the ON／OFF state．

FLAG Indicator
All devices feature a latched fault output，FLAG． Whenever a fault is activated，it latches the FLAG out－ put low and also turns the switch off．FLAG is an open－

## 100mA/200mA/300mA Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current

## Table 1. MAX4914B/MAX4915A/B/MAX4917A/B Switch Truth Table

| ON | FAULT | SWITCH ON/OFF | SUPPLY CURRENT MODE |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Low | X | OFF | Shutdown |
| High | Undervoltage lockout | OFF | Shutdown |
| High | Thermal | OFF immediately (tBLANK period does not apply) | Latchoff |
| High | Current limit | OFF after tBLANK period has elapsed | Latchoff |
|  | ON during tBLANK period, OFF during treTRY period for the <br> MAX4915A/MAX4917A (autoretry versions); cycle repeats <br> until fault is removed | See the Autoretry <br> (MAX4915A/MAX4917A) <br> section |  |



Figure 2. MAX4915A/MAX4917A Autoretry Fault-Blanking Diagram
drain output transistor and requires an external pullup resistor from FLAG to IN. During shutdown (VON < VIL), the pulldown on the FLAG output is released in order to limit power dissipation. $\overline{\text { FLAG }}$ goes low when any of the following conditions occur:

- The die temperature exceeds the thermal-shutdown temperature limit of $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- The device is in current limit for more than the faultblanking period.
- VIN is below the UVLO threshold.

For the MAX4915A/MAX4917A (autoretry versions), $\overline{F L A G}$ stays low until the overcurrent condition is removed (See Figure 2).

## Autoretry (MAX4915A/MAX4917A)

When the forward or reverse current-limit threshold is exceeded, tblank timer begins counting (Figure 2). The timer resets if the overcurrent condition disappears
before tBLANK has elapsed. A retry time delay, tRETRY, is started immediately after tBLANK has elapsed, and during that time, the switch is latched off. At the end of tretry, the switch is turned on again. If the fault still exists, the cycle is repeated. If the fault has been removed, the switch stays on.
The autoretry feature saves system power in the case of an overcurrent or short-circuit condition. During tBLANK, when the switch is on, the supply current is at the current limit. During tRETRY, when the switch is off, the current through the switch is zero. Instead of observing the full load current, the switch sees the equivalent load current times duty cycle or ISUPPLY = ILOAD $\times$ tbLANK / (tBLANK + tretry). With a typical tBLANK $=37 \mathrm{~ms}$ and typical tRETRY $=555 \mathrm{~ms}$, the duty cycle is $6 \%$, which results in a $94 \%$ power savings over the switch being on the entire time. The duty cycle is consistent across the process and devices.

## 100mA/200mA/300mA Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current



Figure 3. MAX4914B/MAX4915B/MAX4917B Latchoff Fault Blanking

## Latchoff <br> (MAX4914B/MAX4915B/MAX4917B)

When the forward or reverse current-limit threshold is exceeded, the tBLANK timer begins counting. The timer resets if the overcurrent condition disappears before tBLANK has elapsed. The switch is shut off if the overcurrent condition continues up to the end of the blanking time. Reset the switch by either toggling ON (Figure 3a) or cycling the input voltage below UVLO, typically 2V (Figure 3b).

Fault Blanking
All devices feature $14 \mathrm{~ms}(\mathrm{~min})$ fault blanking. Fault blanking allows current-limit faults, including momentary short-circuit faults that occur when hot-swapping a capacitive load, and also ensures that no fault is issued during power-up. When a load transient causes the
device to enter current limit, an internal counter starts. If the load-transient fault persists beyond the fault-blanking timeout, FLAG asserts low. Load-transient faults less than tBLANK do not cause a FLAG output assertion. Only current-limit faults are blanked.
A thermal fault and input voltage drops below the UVLO threshold cause $\overline{F L A G}$ to assert immediately and not wait for the blanking time.

## Thermal Shutdown

The MAX4914B/MAX4915A/B/MAX4917A/B have a ther-mal-shutdown feature to protect the devices from overheating. The switch turns off and FLAG goes low immediately (no fault blanking) when the junction temperature exceeds $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The switch turns back on when the device temperature drops approximately by $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Applications Information

## Input Capacitor

To limit the input-voltage drop during momentary output short-circuit conditions, connect a capacitor from IN to GND. A $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic capacitor is adequate for most applications; however, higher capacitor values further reduce the voltage drop at the input and are recommended for lower voltage applications.

## Output Capacitance

Connect a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor from OUT to GND. This capacitor helps prevent inductive parasitics from pulling OUT negative during turn-off, thus preventing the devices from tripping erroneously. If the load capacitance is too large, the current may not have enough time to charge the capacitance and the device assumes that there is a faulty load condition. The maximum capacitive load value that can be driven from OUT is obtained by the following formula:

$$
\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{MAX}}<\frac{\mathrm{IFWD}_{\mathrm{FW}} \mathrm{MIN} \times \text { t }_{\text {BLANK_MIN }}}{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}}
$$

## Layout and Thermal Dissipation

To optimize the switch response time to output shortcircuit conditions, it is very important to keep all traces as short as possible to reduce the effect of undesirable parasitic inductance. Place input and output capacitors as close as possible to the device (no more than 5 mm ). IN and OUT pins must be connected with short traces to the power bus.
During normal operation, the power dissipation is small and the package temperature change is minimal. If the output is continuously shorted to ground at the maximum

## 100mA/200mA/300mA Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current

supply voltage, the operation of the switches with the autoretry option does not cause problems because the total power dissipated during the short is scaled by the duty cycle:

$$
P_{M A X}=\frac{V_{I N \_M A X} \times I_{\text {OUT_MAX }} \times t_{\text {BLANK }}}{t_{\text {RETRY }}+t_{\text {BLANK }}}=155 \mathrm{~mW}
$$

where V IN $=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$, IOUT $=450 \mathrm{~mA}$, $\mathrm{tBLANK}=14 \mathrm{~ms}$, and tRETRY $=210 \mathrm{~ms}$.

Attention must be given to the MAX4914B/MAX4915B/ MAX4917B (latchoff versions), where the latchoff condition must be manually reset by toggling ON from high to low. If the latchoff time duration is not sufficiently high, it is possible for the device to reach the thermalshutdown threshold and never be able to turn the device on until it cools down.

Pin Configurations


Typical Operating Circuit


## 100mA/200mA/300mA Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages

| PACKAGE TYPE | PACKAGE CODE | DOCUMENT NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6 \mu$ DFN | L622-1 | $\underline{\mathbf{2 1 - 0 1 6 4}}$ |
| 5 SOT23 | U5-2 | $\underline{\mathbf{2 1 - 0 0 5 7}}$ |

# 100mA/200mA/300mA Current-Limit Switches with Low Shutdown Reverse Current 

| REVISION <br> NUMBER | REVISION <br> DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGES CHANGED |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 0 | $5 / 06$ | Initial release | - |
| 1 | $12 / 06$ | Removed future product notes. Added new $V_{I H}$ and $V_{I L}$ EC table specs for the <br> MAX4915 | - |
| 2 | $6 / 08$ | Changed $V_{I H}$ and $V_{I L}$ EC table specs for the MAX4917A | 2 |

